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AUTHOR

Jarrell, Michele G.; Hebbler, Stephen W.

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ABSTRACT

Preparing the final report for an evaluation project often involves preparation of lengthy tables. To prevent persons from having to retype the data already in a mainframe file and then verify the data, the Evaluation and Assessment Laboratory of the University of Alabama (Tuscaloosa) uses a simple procedure that entails: (1) formatting the output of a Statistical Analysis System (SAS) frequency procedure; (2) downloading the listing to the personal computer; (3) running a BASIC program; (4) editing the file in a text editor; (5) importing the output into WordPerfect; and (6) running WordPerfect macros. The result is a formatted table that has no data errors and is ready for inclusion in a report. The procedure is illustrated using a survey filled out by teachers in a public school system on possible topics for teacher in-service workshops, but the same process is also used for various needs assessment projects. The finished table is included, and an appendix contains the needs assessment. (SLD)



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From SAS Mainframe Listing to WordPerfect Table With No Data Entry

Michele G. Jarrell and Stephen W. Hebbler Evaluation and Assessment Laboratory The University of Alabama

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Paper presented at the annual meeting of the American Evaluation Association Seattle, Washington, November 5 - 7, 1992



Introduction

Preparing the final report for many evaluation projects involves the preparation of lengthy tables. When the tables contain the percentages of respondents selecting a certain response from a questionnaire, the task of typing all the data in a word processing program can be onerous and offers many opportunities for errors in data entry. In order to prevent having someone first retype the data already in a mainframe file and then verify the data, the Evaluation and Assessment Laboratory uses a simple procedure that entails formatting the output of a SAS frequency procedure, downloading the listing to the PC, running a BASIC program, editing the file in a text editor, importing the output into WordPerfect, and running WordPerfect macros. The result is a formatted table which has no data errors and is ready for inclusion in the report. The procedure is illustrated in this paper using a survey filled out by teachers in a public school system on possible topics for teacher in-service workshops, but the same process is used for various needs assessment projects.

Mainframe

On a survey of 124 possible topics for teacher in-service workshops, the various items address possible topics. After completing a brief demographic section on a custom-designed answer sheet, the respondents are asked to darken the bubble on the scan sheet for each topic they see as an area of interest or need. A sample of the scan sheet is shown in Appendix A. When the sheets are scanned, the selected responses are coded as "1" and the unmarked responses are coded as "0". Once the data are scanned into a data file, a simple frequency procedure is run giving the percent of respondents marking a topic as one of interest and the percent leaving it blank. In the SAS program, labels are assigned to each of the items and to the category of interest. The label for the category showing the percent selecting the topic as one of interest is formatted to contain an "@" before the number of the item. The label for each item is the topic addressed in that item. A sample of the SAS code is shown below:

```
CMS FILEDEF INDAT DISK XXX DATA A;
CMS FILEDEF SDS DISK DUM DUM A;
PROC FORMAT;
VALUE I001F 1 = '@001';
VALUE I002F 1 = '@002';
VALUE I003F 1 = '@003';
VALUE I004F 1 = '@004';
...

DATA SDS.XXX;
INFILE INDAT;
INPUT POS 1 GRK3 2 GR45 3 GR67 4 GR912 5 SUBJ 6-7 LOCMY 8
@12 (I001-I124) (1.);
TITLE 'RESULTS FOR ALL RESPONDENTS';
```



1

LABEL I001 = 'Mainstreaming'

I002 = 'Behavior Management'

1003 = 'Classroom Management'

I004 = 'Developmentally Appropriate Practices'

PROC FREQ;

TABLES 1001-1124;

FORMAT 1001 1001F.

1002 1002F.

1003 I003F.

1004 I004F.

I124 I124F.;

The SAS program can be modified to give results for all respondents or by the teacher's position, such as Kindergarten through Grade 3 or Junior High. Each listing of interest would then be downloaded. The output of the SAS program appears as follows:

Mainstreaming

1001	Frequency	Percent	Frequency	Percent	
0 @001	91 9	91.0 9.0	91 100	91 100.0	
Behavio	r Management	(General)			
1002	Frequency	Percent	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Percent	
0	67	67.0	67	67	
@002	33	33.0	100	100.0	

Other Vocational Ed. Topics

I124	Frequency	Percent	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Percent	
0	97	97.0	97	97	
@124	3	3.0	100	100.0	



Mainstreaming is the topic listed in item 1. Of the 100 respondents, 9 marked item 1 as a topic of interest for an inservice workshop. The listing containing the topic addressed and the frequency of responses with an "@" plus the item number for the responses coded "1" indicating the percent of respondents selecting the topic as an area of interest is downloaded to the PC.

PC - BASIC

The formatted mainframe listing is the input file for a simple BASIC program. This program contains a data statement for each item on the survey (e.g. each topic identified as possibly being of interest). The output file contains a heading followed by the number and the percent of respondents selecting the topic and the name of the item from the data statements. A sample of the BASIC program is listed below:

```
10 OPEN "XXX.LST" FOR INPUT AS 1
20 OPEN "XXX.OUT" FOR OUTPUT AS 2
30 LINE INPUT #1, A$: PRINT #2, MID$(A$,2,70)
40 DIM TOPIC$(124)
41 DATA "Mainstreaming"
42 DATA "Behavior Management (General)"
43 DATA "Classroom Management"
44 DATA "Developmentally Appropriate Practices"
45 DATA "Group Management"
46 DATA "Integrating the Curriculum"
47 DATA "Critical Thinking Skills"
48 DATA "Teaching and Learning Styles"
49 DATA "Building Self-Esteem"
168 FOR J=1 TO 124: READ TOPIC$(J):NEXT J
169 IF EOF(1) THEN 970
910 LINE INPUT #1, a$
920 IF MID$(A$,2,1) <> "@" THEN 960
941 PRINT #2, MID$(A$,13,4) SPC(3);
950 PRINT #2, MID$(A$,22,4) SPC(5);
955 PRINT #2,TOPIC$(VAL(MID$(A$,3,3)))
960 GOTO 169
970 CLOSE:END
```

The output file created by the BASIC program resembles the listing on the following page.

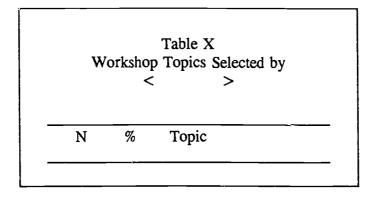


RESULTS FOR ALL R	ESPONDENTS
67 9.1	Mainstreaming
33 33.0	Behavior Management (General)
575 28.3	Classroom Management
133 6.7	Developmentally Appropriate Practices
166 8.4	Group Management
600 29.7	Integrating the Curriculum
588 29.0	Critical Thinking Skills
533 26.3	Teaching and Learning Styles
673 33.0	Building Self-Esteem
306 15.2	Middle School Practices
268 13.3	Drop-Out Prevention
359 18.0	Cooperative Learning
194 9.8	Assessment (General)
640 31.6	Make and Take
264 13.1	Subject Related Careers
481 23.4	Violence Prevention
216 10.9	Conferencing Skills
143 7.2	Site-Based Management
223 11.2	Administrative Uses of Computers
155 7.7	Scheduling
573 27.9	Update on Laws (General)
2 68 13.4	Evaluation Procedures
64 3.2	Clinical Supervision
255 12.9	Life Science
215 10.8	Earth Science
635 31.4	Demonstration/Hands on
108 5.5	Physical Science
138 7.0	Space Science
69 3.5	Lab Organization/Safety
25 1.3	Other Science Topics
281 14.2	Teaching Basic Operations (+,-,*,/)
515 25.6	Word Problems/Problem Solving
119 6.0	Geometric Connections
125 6.3	Geometric Concepts
95 4.8	Strategies in Teaching Algebra



PC - WordPerfect

The BASIC output file is brought into a text editor (i.e, KEDIT) where it is sorted by the number of respondents selecting each topic; therefore, the topics will appear in order from most important to least important. Then a global change is done to replace strings of blanks with a percent sign. This sorted and reformatted file is imported into WordPerfect where the percent signs are replaced by tabs. All the tables are retrieved into one document. The heading for the tables is retrieved into document 2 which appears below.



Document 2

A WordPerfect macro searches document 1 for RESULTS FOR which are the first words of each table. The macro deletes RESULTS FOR and replaces it with the heading leaving the group for which the table contains the results as the first line of the table. The last line of the heading < > is then pulled from the first line of table.

To put the graphics line at the bottom of each table, another macro is run. At this point document 2 contains a blank line and a graphics line. A WordPerfect macro searches for a hard page in document 1, switches to document 2, copies the blank line and the graphics line to document 1, and repeats the procedure until each table has a blank line and a graphics line at the bottom.

Only the appropriate number for the table needs to be entered by hand.

The final output in WordPerfect would be the table on the following page.

The time required to run this procedure for several subgroups of the respondents is significantly less than the time required to enter each table individually and then check the data. The initial time spent in writing the SAS program, the BASIC program, and the WordPerfect macro is a good investment, as the programs can be used for different projects with only minor modifications to the SAS formatting and the BASIC data statements.



Table 6
Workshop Topics Selected by
All Respondents Combined

	N	%	Topic
	922	44.3	Behavior Management (General)
	673	33.0	Building Self-Esteem
	640	31.7	Hands-on Activities
	640	31.6	Make and Take
	635	31.4	Demonstration/Hands on
	600	29.7	Integrating the Curriculum
	588	29.0	Critical Thinking Skills
	588	29.3	Whole Language
	575	28.3	Classroom Management
	573	27.9	Update on Laws (General)
•	533	26.3	Teaching and Learning Styles
	515	25.6	Word Problems/Problem Solving
	50C	25.2	Manipulatives
	481	23.4	Violence Prevention
	466	23.3	Listening Skills
	437	21.8	Improving Reading Comprehension
	411	20.6	Introduction to computers
	408	20.5	Integrating Reading
	407	20.2	Stress Management
	373	18.8	Attention Deficit Disorder
	359	18.0	Cooperative Learning
	356	17.9	Storytelling
	354	17.7	Improved Listening/Speaking Skills
	351	17.6	Encouraging Students to Read
	350	17.5	Writing across the Curriculum
	334	16.8	Activities for Teaching Health
	306	15.2	Middle School Practices
	298	14.9	At Risk Students
	296	14.9	Process Writing
	295	14.8	Vocabulary Development
	281	14.2	Teaching Basic Operations (+,-,*,/)
	270	13.7	Health Issues(Elementary)
	268	13.4	Evaluation Procedures



Appendix A





Staff Development Needs Assessment Birmingham Public Schools



Darken your primary **POSITION**

- personnel assignment.
- REGULAR CLASSROOM TEACHER SPECIAL EDUCATION
- O LIBRARIAN

TEACHER

- O GUIDANCE COUNSELOR
- O ADMINISTRATOR
- O OTHER

GRADE LEVEL

Darken all levels that apply.

- O K-3
- 04.5
- 8.9 ()
- 0 9-12

at which you prefer OCATION

- O CENTRAL LOCATION IN SCHOOL SYSTEM
- O HEALTH/PE

O SOCIAL STUDIES

O MATHEMATICS

- O FOREIGN LANGUAGE
- O COMPUTER SCIENCE
- O LANGUAGE ARTS
- O OTHER

Use a No. 2 Pencil Only

Darken the location(s) to attend workshops.

Darken only one.

SUBJECT AREA

O MY SCHOOL

O BUSINESS/VOC/AG

O MUSIC/ART

O SCIENCE

O SELF CONTAINED

- CENTRAL LOCATION OUTSIDE SCHOOL SYSTEM

Darken the one time most convenient for you to attend a workshop.

- SCHOOL YEAR/ ''
 AFTER SCHOOL
- O SCHOOL YEAR/ SATURDAY
- O SUMMER

box and the subject area topics listed on the back of this form, darken those you would be nterested in attending.

- O Mainstreaming

O Violence Prevention

O Conferencing Skills

- Appropriate Practices

O Site-Based Management

O Administrative Uses

of Computers

O Scheduling

- Critical Thinking
- Learning Styles Teaching and

O Evaluation Procedures

O Update on Laws

O Clinical Supervision

- **Building Self-Esteern**
 - O Middle School Practices

Write in Topic(s) Not Listed on this Form.

- O Drop-Out Prevention
- O Cooperative Learning
- O Make and Take

NSTRUCTIONS

For the general topics listed in this

O Subject Related

- O Behavior Management
- O Classroom Management
- O Developmentally
- O Group Management
- O Integrating the Curriculum
- Ö

- O Assessment

SCIENCE	LANGUAGE ARTS	SPECIAL EDUCATION	COMPUTER SCIENCE	SPEECH ARTS
) Life Science	O Integrating Reading	O Attention Deficit Disorder	O Introduction to Computers	O Listening Skills
O Earth Science	O Writing Across the Curriculum	O Gifted	O Word Processing	O Voice & Diction
Demonstration/ Hands On	O Process Writing	O Learning Disabled	O Data Base	O Storytelling
O Physical Science	O Reading in the Content Area	O Emotional Conflict	O Spread Sheet	O Readers Theatre
O Space Science	O Improving Reading Comprehension	O Sensory Impaired	O Classroom Management Utilities	O Oratorical
O Lab Organization/ Safety	O Vocabulary Development	O Assessment	O Programming	O Debate
O Other	Whole Language	() Communicative Disorders	O Word Perfect	O Dramatics
MATHEMATICS	O Shared Reading	() Update on Laws	O Teaching Computer Literacy	VISUAL ARTS
) Teaching Basic Operations (+,-,x,+)	O Improved Listening/ Speaking Skills	O अrain Injured Child	O MECC Pgms/Computers as Instructional Tools	O Gallery Tours of Museums
) Word Problems / Problem Solving	O Foreign Language/ESL Techniques	O EMR	O AP Computer Science	O Assessme.nt in visual Arts
) Mathematical Connections	O Literature	O TMR	O Other	O Middle School Art
) Geometric Concepts	O Otther	O Behavior Management in SPE	GUIDANCE & COUNSELING	MUSIC
Strategies in leaching Algebra	SOCIAL STUDIES	O Other	O Interpreting Test Scores	О бенега
O Manquatives	O Biographies and Documents in History	НЕАГТН	O Career Development	O Choral
O Statistics/Probability	O Global Education	Stress Management	O Conferencing with Parents	O Band
O Measurement	O Practical Economics	O Health Issues for Teenagers	O Peer Pressure	O String
O Patterns/Rulationships	O Responsible Citizenship thru Law Related Educ.	O Health Issues (Elementary)	O Drug Abuse	VOCATIONAL ED.
O Decimals/Percents	O Sociology/Learning to Live Together	O Activities for Teaching Health	O At Risk Students	O Integration of Curriculum
O Functions	O Anthropology in Alabama	O Other	O Suicide	O Articulation
O Remedation	O Hands On Activities	LIBRARY	O Dealing with Parents' Divorce	O Placement
O Discrete Mathermands	O Other	O Effective use of Library/Equipment	O Other	O Other
O Underprintings of Calculus		O Encouraging Students to Read		£.

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